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UDINEE project: international platform to evaluate urban dispersion models' capabilities to simulate Radiological Dispersion Device

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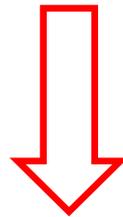
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URBAN DISPERSION INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION EXERCISE (UDINEE)



Led by the EC-Joint Research Centre (DG-JRC) with the support of the **U.S. Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA)**

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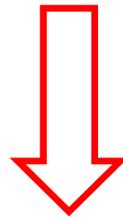
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- JRC project: **“Assessment and validation of modelling tools and decision support systems addressing CBRN releases”** (End date: 16 – 07 – 2014)



Internationally coordinated model evaluation activities for urban dispersion models

URBAN DISPERSION INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION EXERCISE (UDINEE)



Verify and evaluate the capacities of dispersion models to simulate realistic Radiological Dispersion Device (RDD) in urban environments



- assess the real capacity of these systems to respond to emergency situations: timeliness of the prediction, accuracy of the prediction, limitations;
- support the use of local models for decision making and policy development;
- identify where should be envisage further research to complement missing aspects not yet covered by currently available modelling systems.

UDINEE is based on:

Observational database

Joint Urban 2003 (JU2003) field experiment in Oklahoma City

Web-based platform

ENSEMBLE system

PARTICIPANTS

UDINEE: Participants



Model name	Institution (Country)
Europe (8 models – 6 institutions)	
ESTE CBRN	Abmerit (Slovak)
Parallel-Micro-SWIFT-SPRAY (PMSS)	CEA (France)
microRMS / MSS	CNR-ISAC (Italy)
NAME / NAME URBAN	Met Office (UK)
EULAG	National Centre for Nuclear Research (Poland)
ADREA-HF	National Centre for Scientific Research "Demokritos" (Greece)
North American (2 models – 2 institutions)	
Canadian Urban Dispersion Modelling System (CUDM)	Meteorological Service of Canada (Canada)
MM5-SCIPUFF/UDM	DTRA (EE UU)

UDINEE is based on:

Observational database

Joint Urban 2003 (JU2003) field experiment in Oklahoma City

- One of the most comprehensive field campaigns in an urban environment
- Urban field experiment with instantaneous non-buoyant releases (by popping a balloon of SF₆) at ground levels (1.5 m) with gas/aerosol mixture - similar to RDD
- Intensive Operational Periods (IOPs) (Day (5) and night (4)) with large set of monitoring observations

UDINEE: Overview

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UDINEE is based on:

Web-based platform
ENSEMBLE system

<http://ensemble2.jrc.ec.europa.eu/public/>

What is?

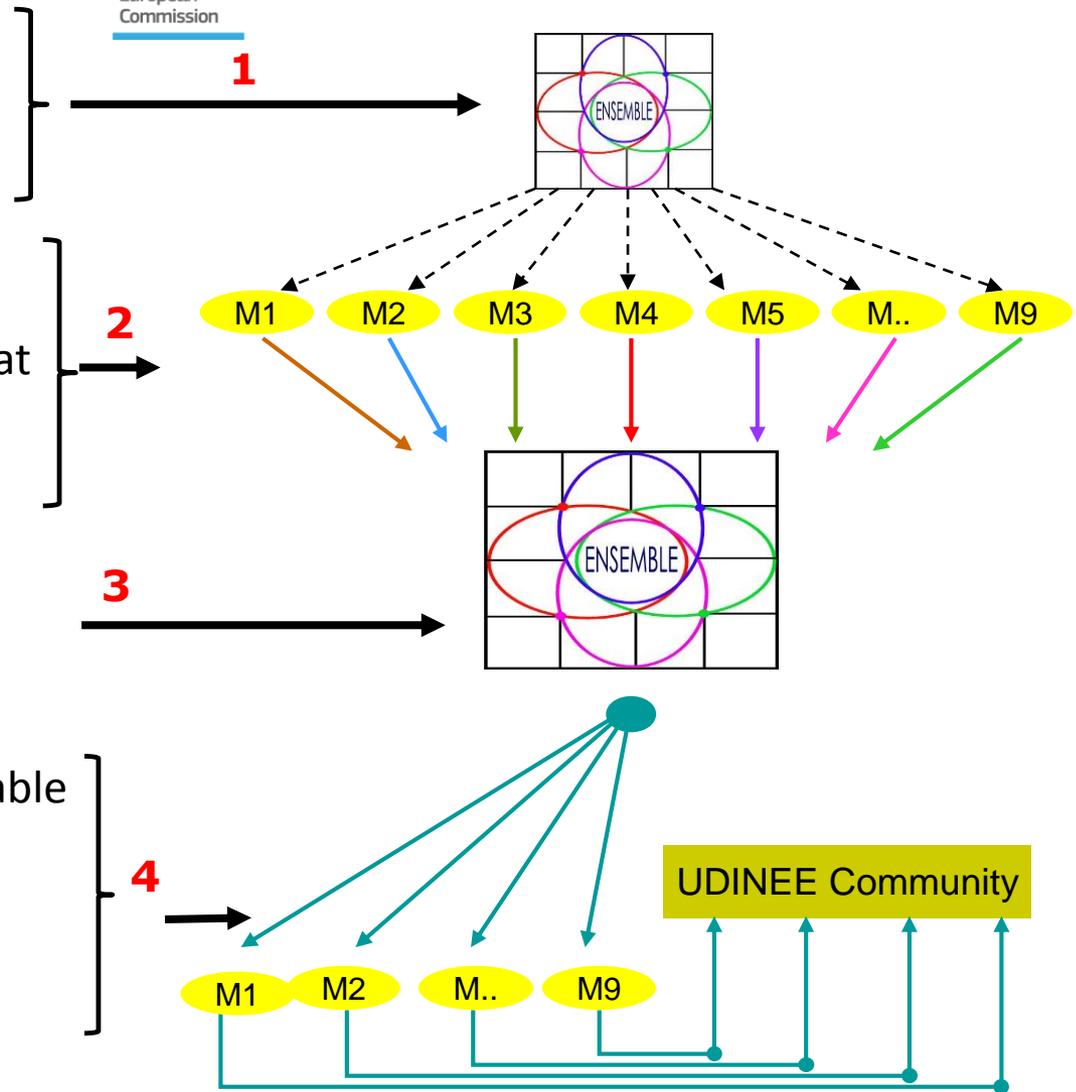
Platform where several simulations from many models are uploaded together with observations, and a tool for the simultaneous analysis of the results of several models and for the ensemble analysis.



UDINEE: Methodology



- Definition of the case study (IOPS)
- JU2003 data were uploaded
- Modellers produce model results
- Transform them in ENSEMBLE format
- Upload them on the system
- Results are ready for consultation
- Suites of statistical routines available for quantitative evaluation
- Ensemble treatments



a) Time series

a.1) SF6

Sampling sites: 9 (Different locations in each IOP)

Reference height: 2 m

Time resolutions: 0.5 sec

a.2) Meteorological parameters

Sampling sites: 20 (Same location)

Reference height: 2 m

Time resolutions: 10 min



b) Grid

Grid: horizontal resolution of 5 m (1.4 * 1.6 km) and with 57 vertical levels (from 0 to 402 m)

Time resolution: 1 min

Variables:

- Variable 1 - SF6 concentration (pptv)
- Variable 2 – Average horizontal wind (m / s)
- Variable 3 – Average vertical wind (m /s)
- Variable 4 – Average horizontal wind direction (deg)
- Variable 5 – Turbulent kinetic energy (m² / s²)

UDINEE: Preliminary results

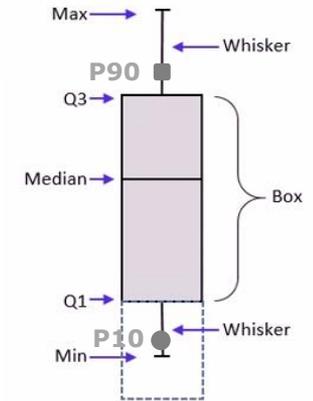
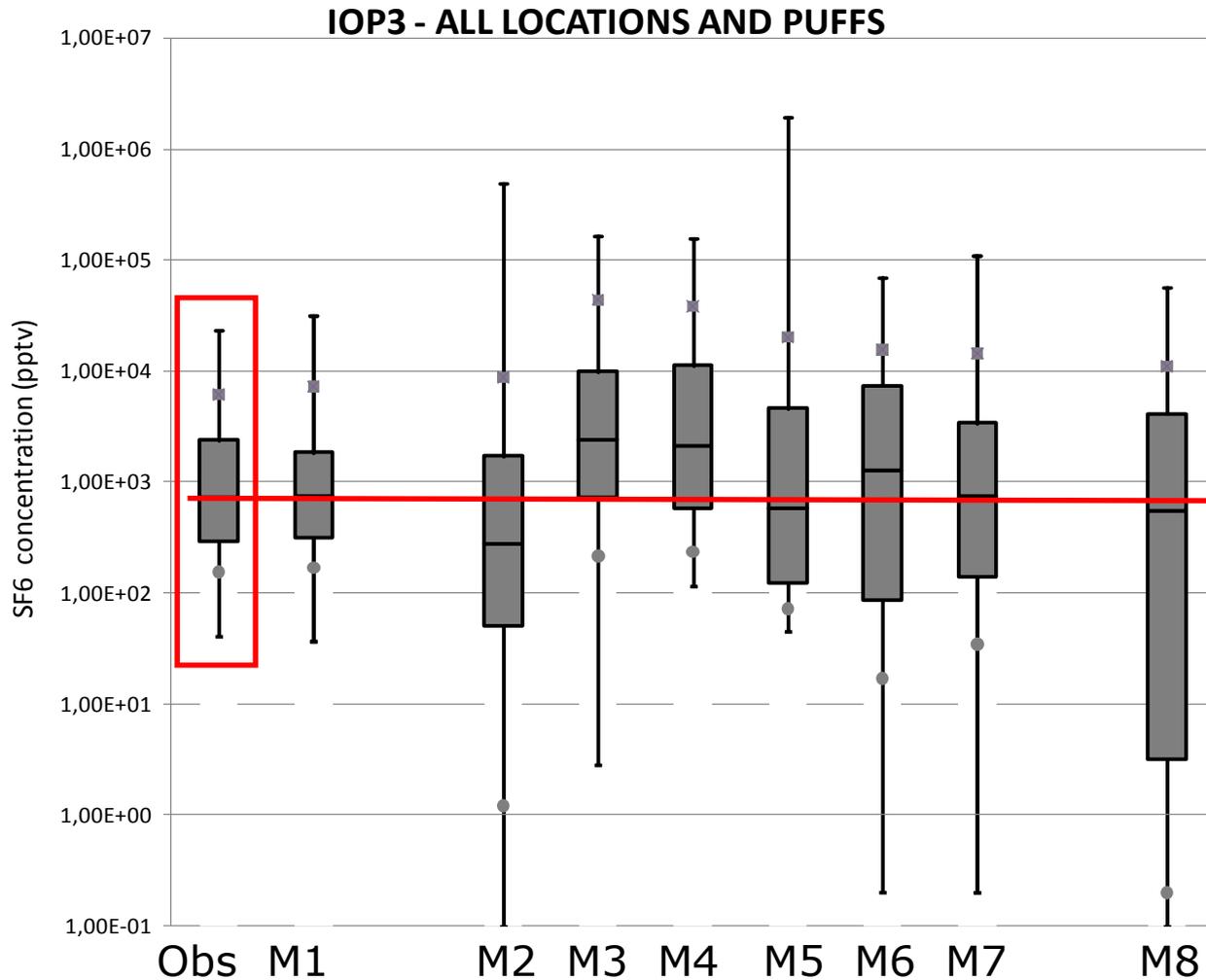


IOP3

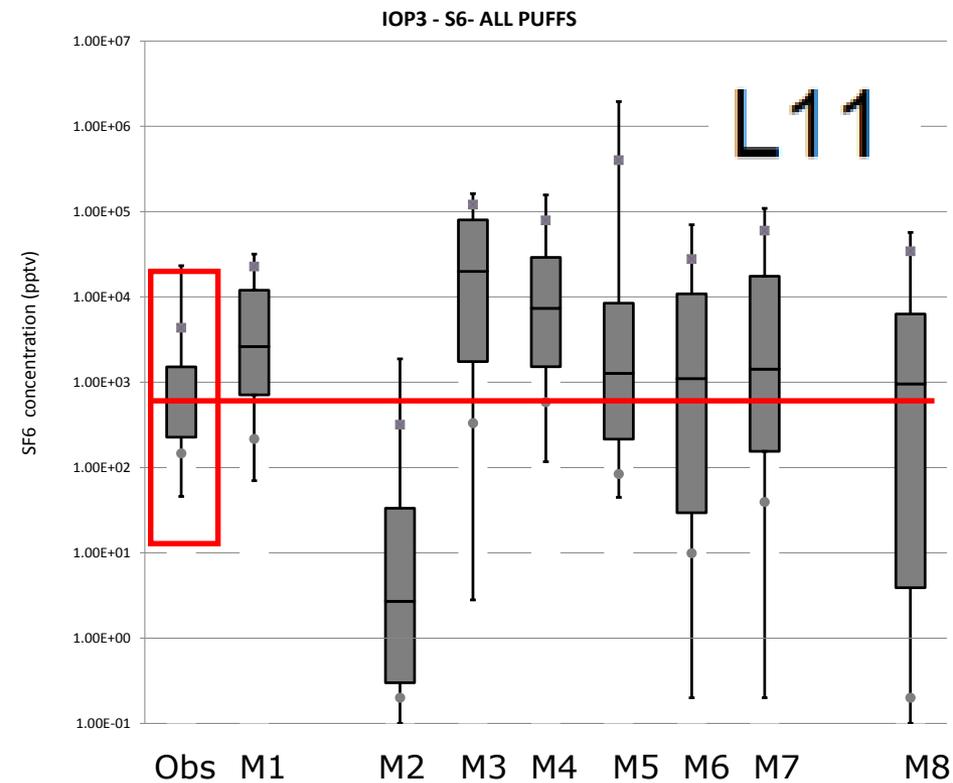
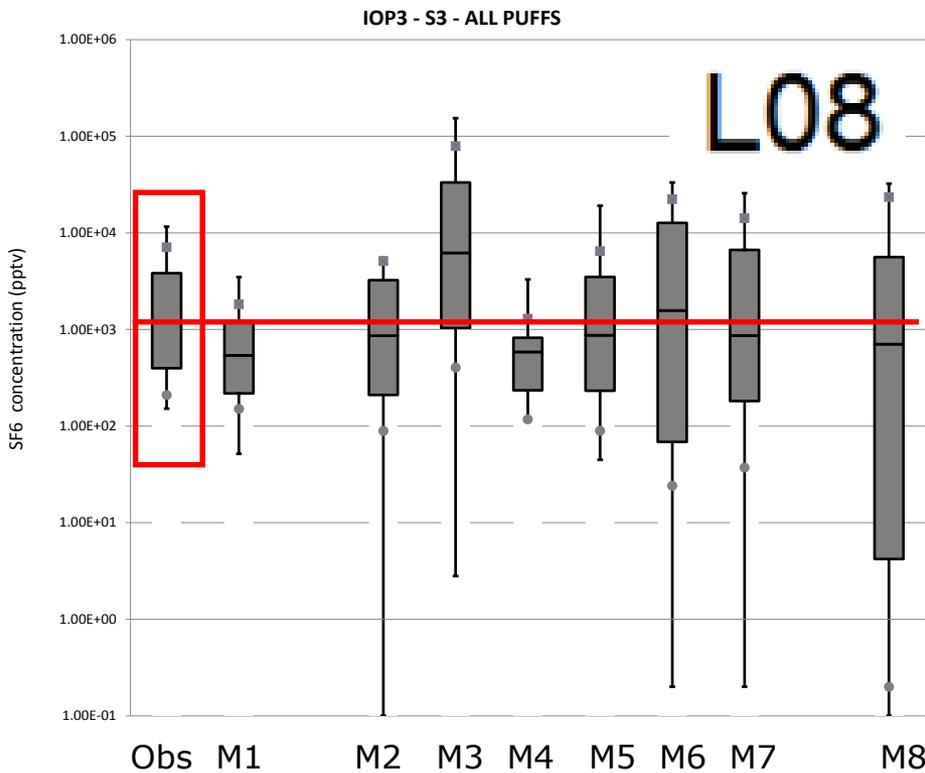
9th July 2003

Puff	Release time (CST)	Mass (g)	Wind speed	Wind direction
1	0800	1001	3.7	196
2	0820	1005	3.7	196
3	0840	1000	3.7	196
4	0900	1004	3.7	196

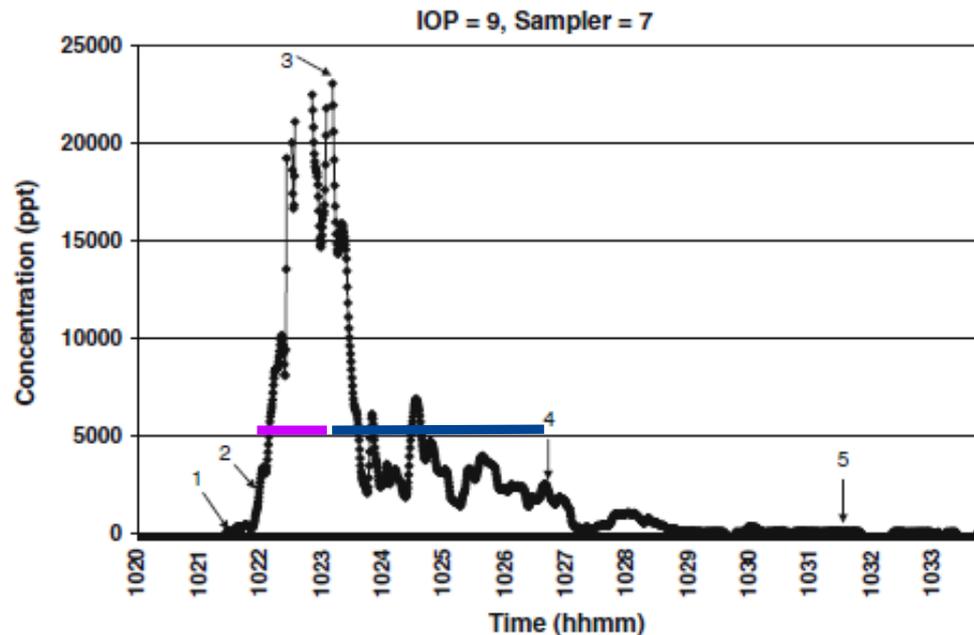
Comparison for all values registered in IOP3



Comparison for all values registered in the same sampling site during IOP3



Comparison of parameters characterizing the time series

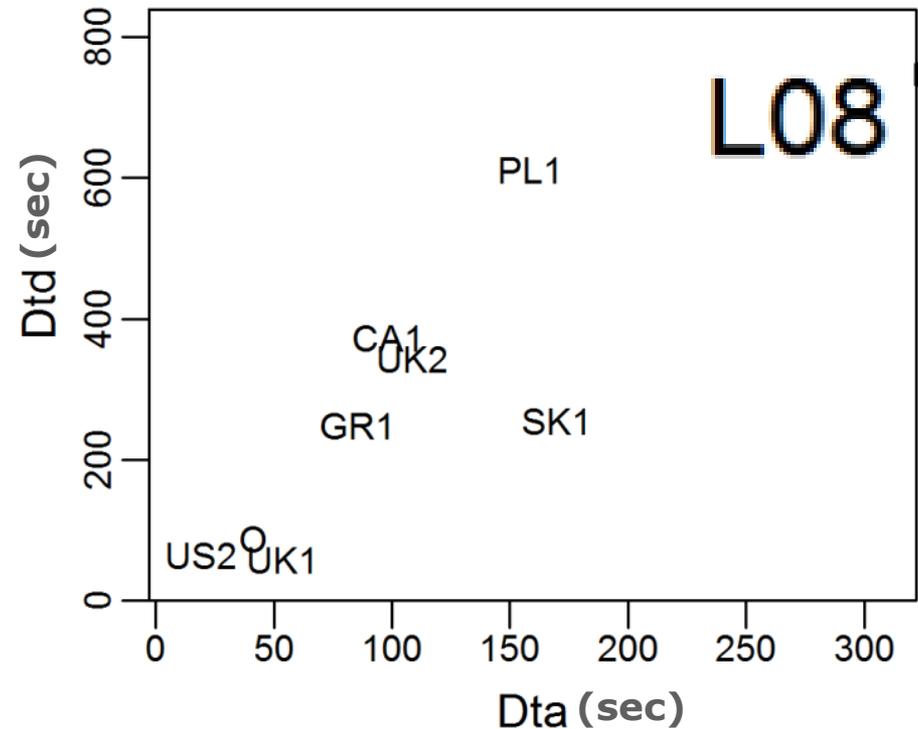
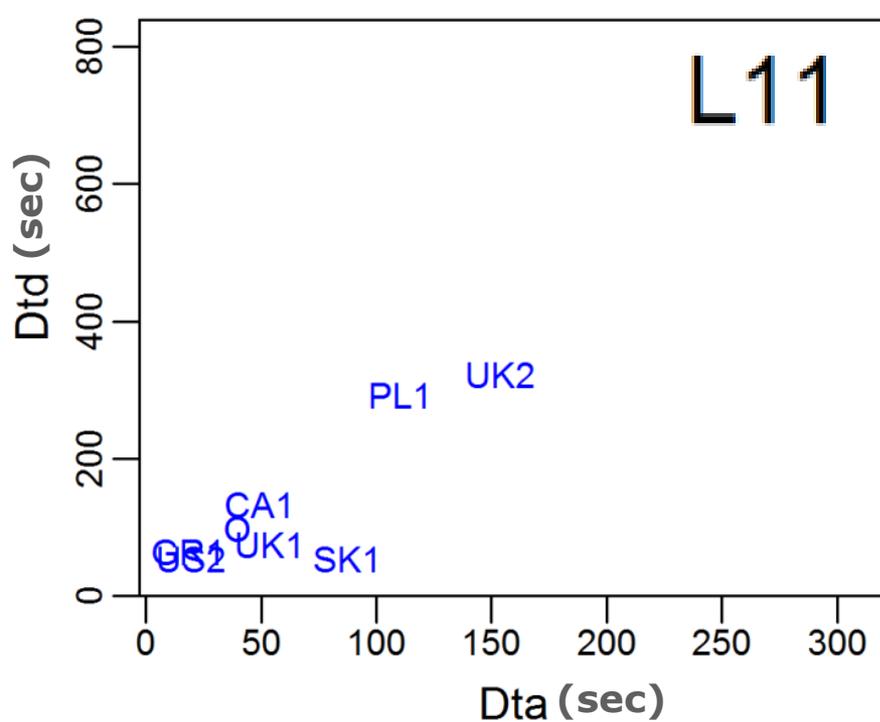


- **Dta** = Time difference between C_{max} and time when the concentration is greater than or equal to $0.1 * C_{max}$ for the first time
- **Dtd** = Time difference between C_{max} and time when the concentration is greater than or equal to $0.1 * C_{max}$ for the last time

UDINEE: Preliminary results

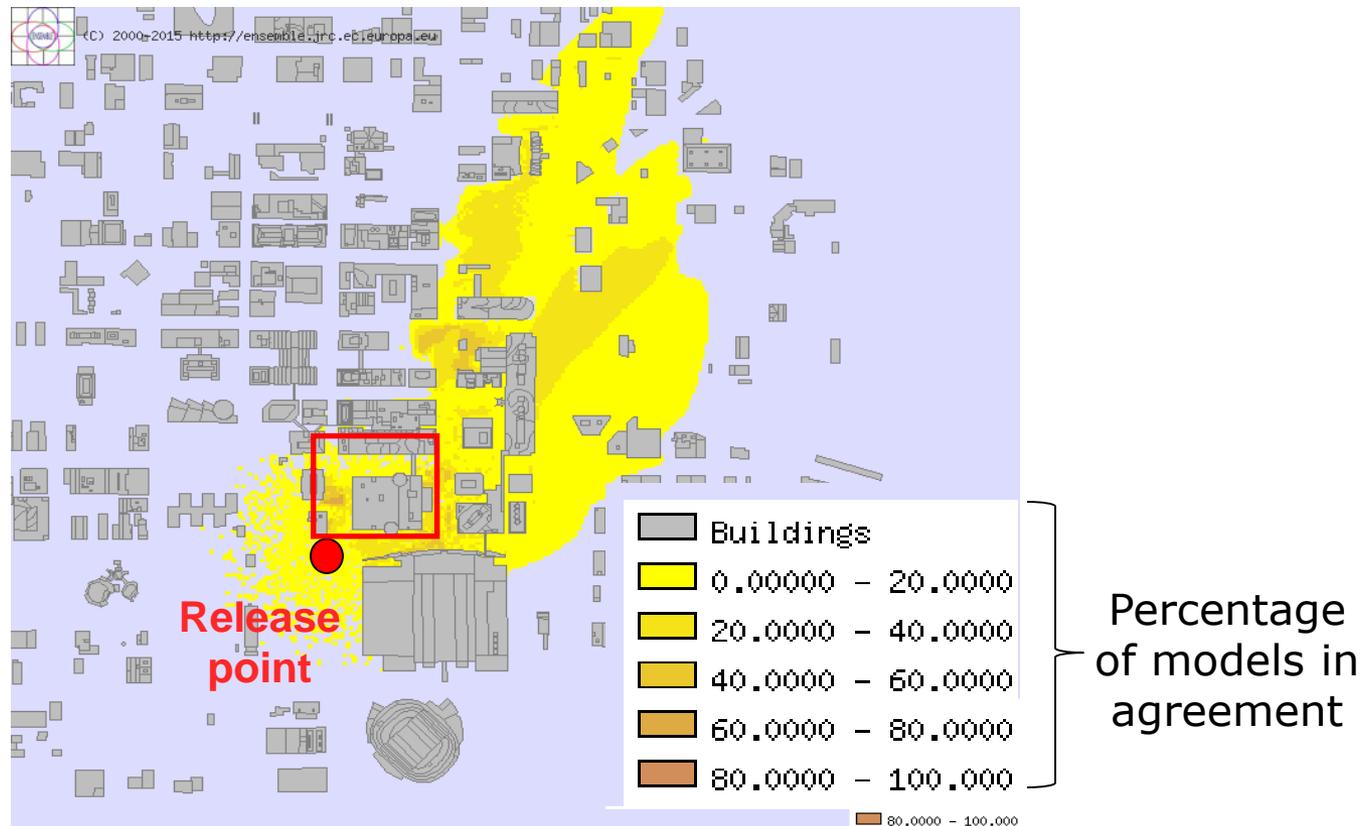


Comparison of parameters characterizing the time series in different sampling sites



b) Grid (SF6 concentration)

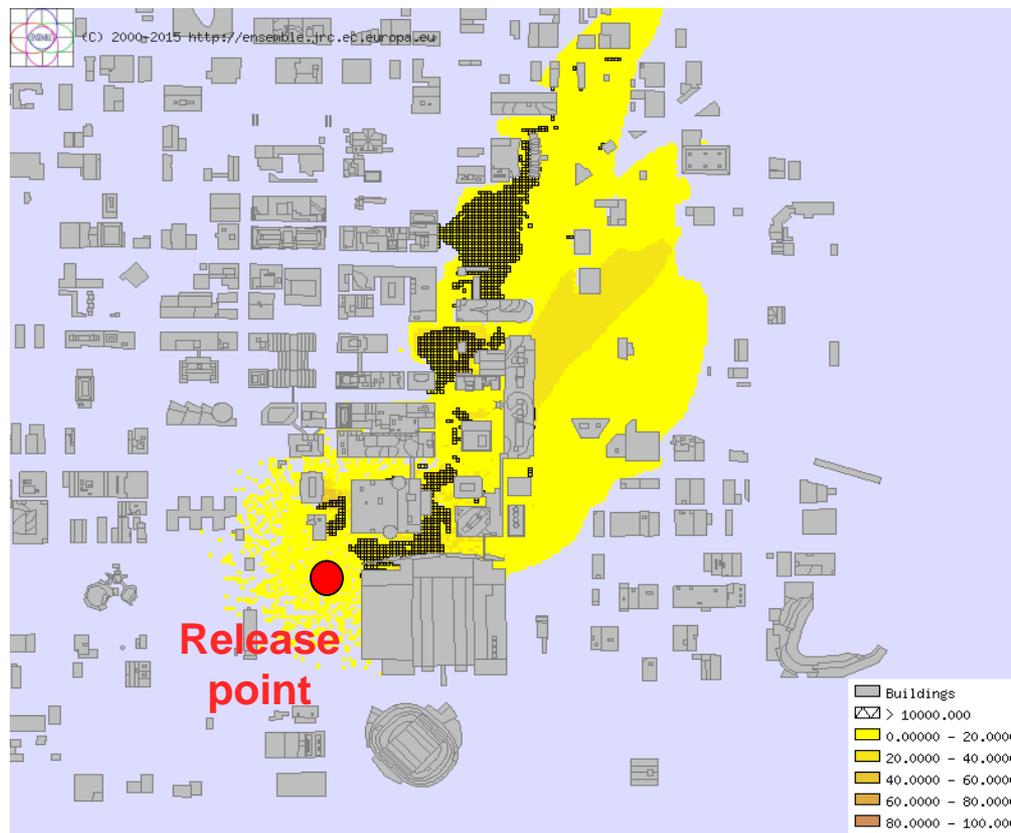
Horizontal dispersion – Horizontal agreement between models;
five minutes after the first release – 2m



Case 0060-003 - Agreement in threshold level - SF6 Concentration (2 m agl)
Date and time: 2003-07-07 14:05 UTC
Data range: [1.00E-01,3.57E+06] - Threshold: 1.00E+04 pptv

b) Grid (SF6 concentration)

Horizontal dispersion – Contribution of each model
five minutes after the first release – 2m



Case 0060-003 - Agreement in threshold level - SF6 Concentration (2 m agl)

Date and time: 2003-07-07 14:05 UTC

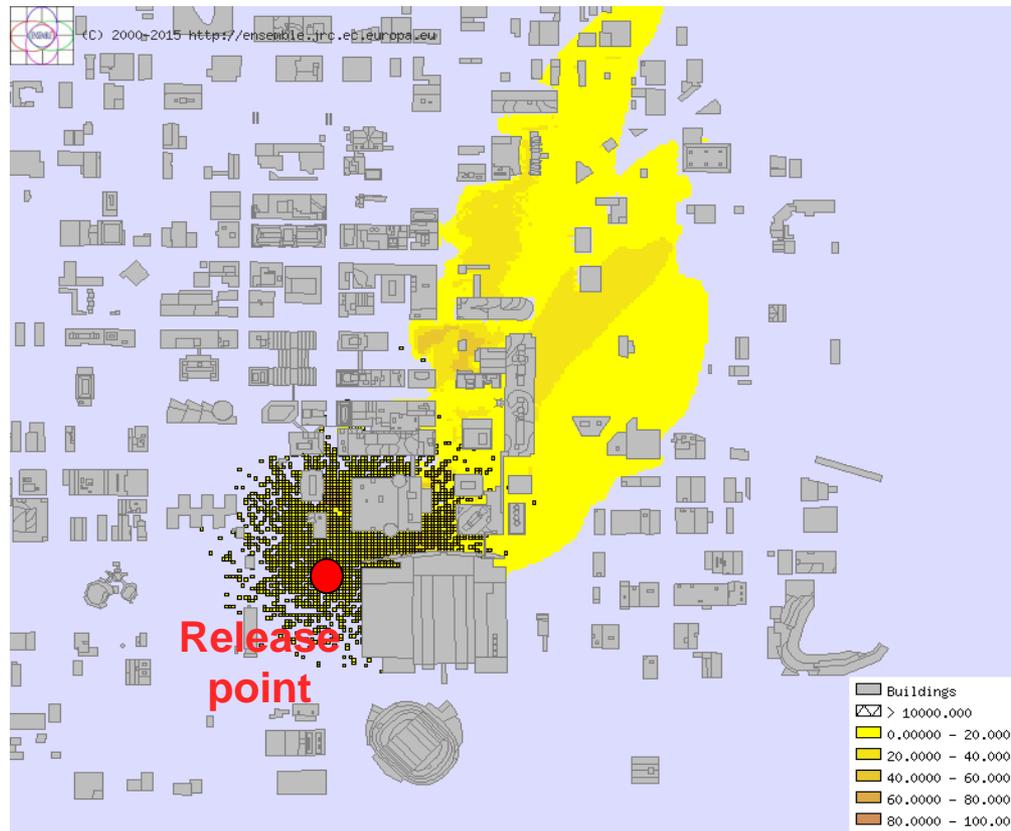
Data range: [1.00E-01,3.57E+06] - Threshold: 1.00E+04 pptv

Created by user mhernandez on 2015-12-11 09:14:04 UTC

b) Grid (SF6 concentration)

Horizontal dispersion – Contribution of each model

five minutes after the first release – 2m



Case 0060-003 - Agreement in threshold level - SF6 Concentration (2 m agl)

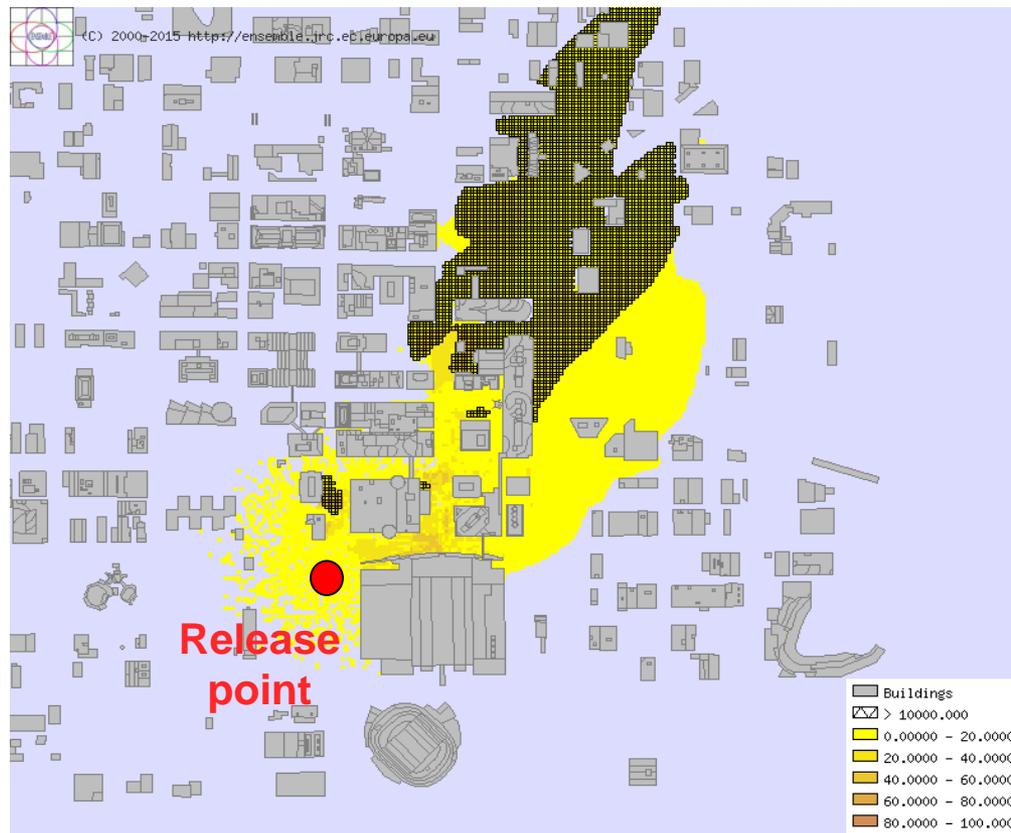
Date and time: 2003-07-07 14:05 UTC

Data range: [1.00E-01,3.57E+06] - Threshold: 1.00E+04 pptv

Created by user mhernandez on 2015-12-11 09:19:59 UTC

b) Grid (SF6 concentration)

Horizontal dispersion – Contribution of each model
five minutes after the first release – 2m



Case 0060-003 - Agreement in threshold level - SF6 Concentration (2 m agl)

Date and time: 2003-07-07 14:05 UTC

Data range: [1.00E-01,3.57E+06] - Threshold: 1.00E+04 pptv

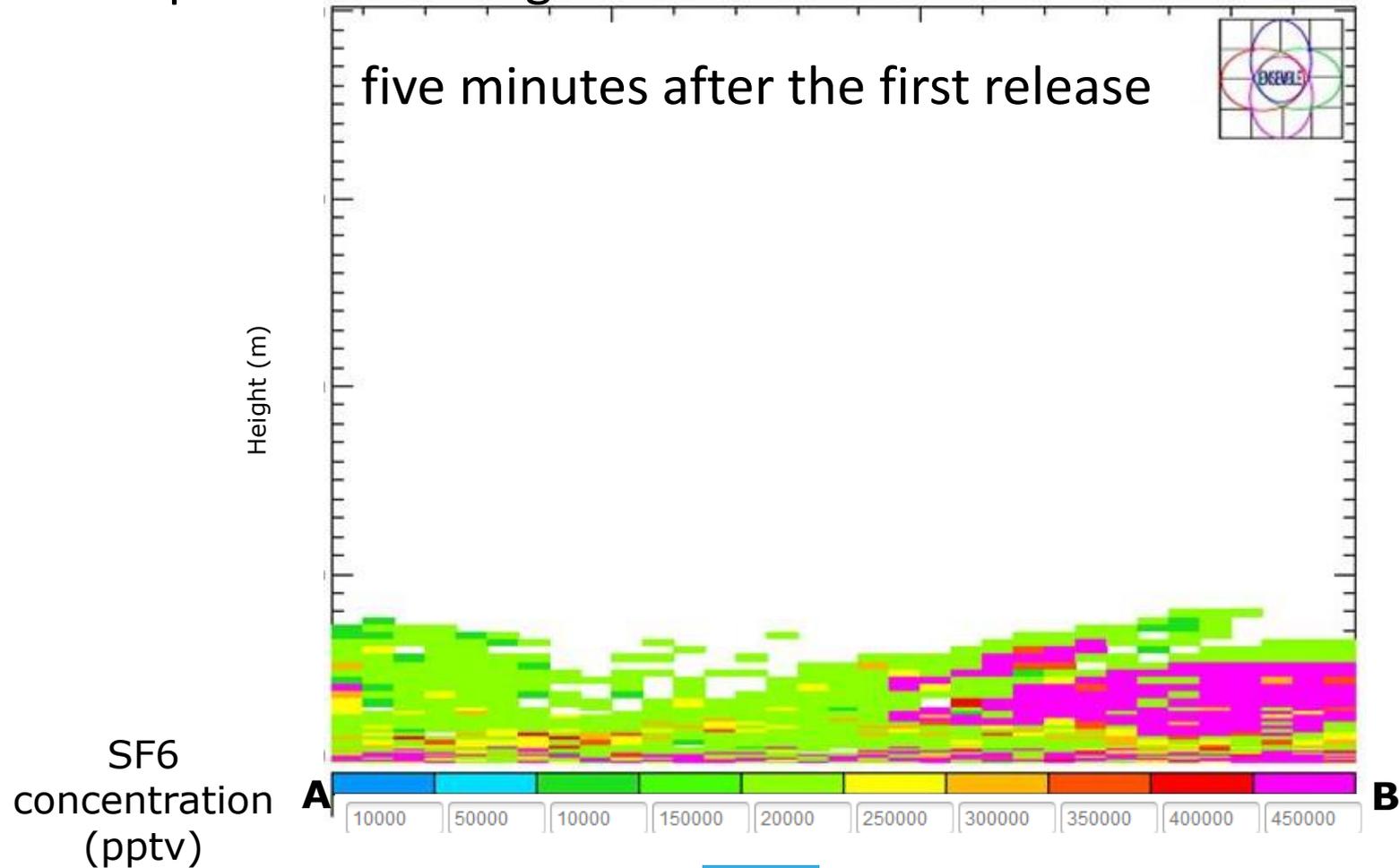
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UDINEE: Preliminary results



b) Grid (SF6 concentration)

Vertical dispersion – average of models



UDINEE: Conclusions



- UDINEE is the first multi-model urban dispersion model comparison for RDD releases;
- Temporal and spatial (horizontal and vertical) evaluation of models is performed;
- The first preliminary results show differences with observations and between model results according to the sampling locations.

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